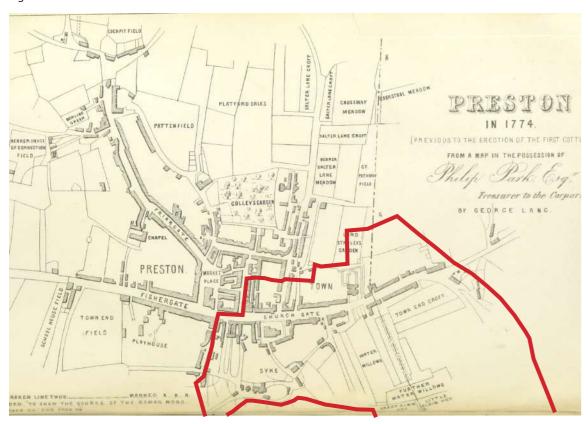


Appendix 1 - Historical Analysis

Figure 24: Preston 1774

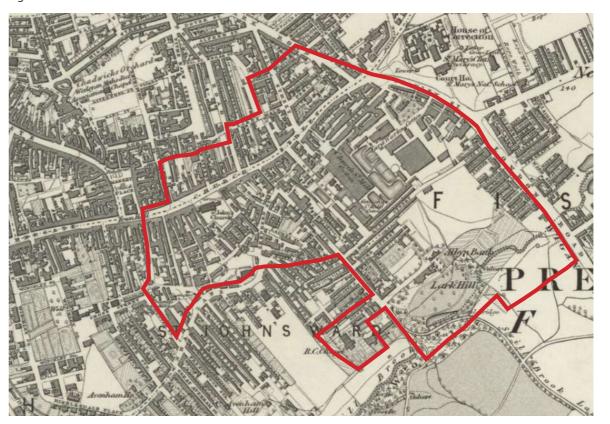


Prior to the Industrial Revolution, Preston was a small market town, with the principal thoroughfares of Fishergate, Churchgate and Friargate converging on Market Place. Churchgate (now Church Street) would have incorporated several of the residences and public houses that are still extant (albeit altered). St John's Church was a central landmark within the town, with Arkwright House nearby down Stoneygate. The street pattern south of the Church was beginning to be established, although the majority of what is now the Study Area comprised agricultural land. By this time, Richard Arkwright had invented the Water Frame, which helped facilitate industrialisation of the town.

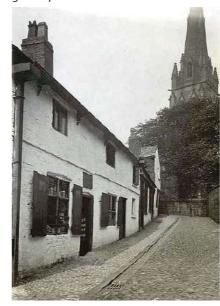


St. John's Minster

Figure 25: 1849



The advent of industrialisation saw a rapid development of the town centre, with densely packed streets running off Church Street comprising predominantly housing around St. John's Church (as well as a gas works on the site of the multi-storey car park), with the development of the large yard works that would become Horrockses well-advanced (the reservoirs were also created by this time). The streets to the south of St. John's comprised a tight cluster of cottages hard up against the churchyard. A House of Correction had been established over Stanley Street. At this point the rapid development of the town had extended northwards, with large areas of green space to the south and east.



Stoneygate





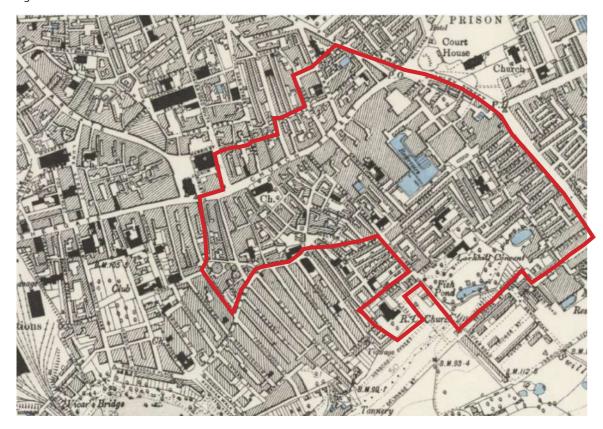






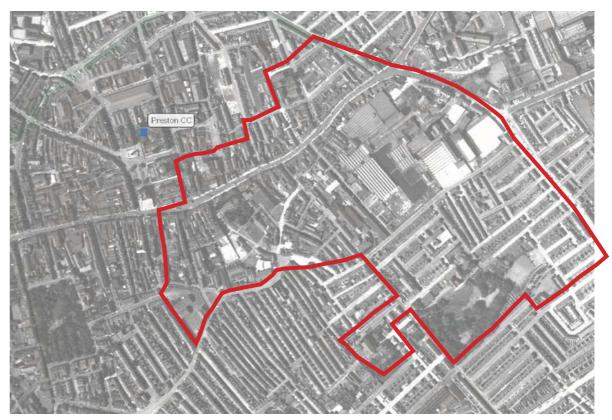
Appendix 1 - Historical Development

Figure 26: Preston 1895



The development of the area continued into the late C19th with housing expanding southwards towards Avenham Park and Lark Hill. The development of Miller Arcade and the Harris Library nearby demonstrated the growing wealth of industrial Preston, while St. John's Church was rebuilt in the 1850s. Horrockses Yard and Works was well-established at this point and had become a complex of large sheds with prominent chimneys. HMP Preston was developed into the radial form that still survives. The density of the immediate vicinity of St. John's around Stoneygate is clear, with its complex of alleys and ginnels.

Figure 27: Preston 1960



The Area layout remained largely unaltered through the early C20th (notwithstanding the development of the Town Hall and Sessions House nearby), with modifications largely carried out on individual buildings. However, the post-war era began to see significant changes, with the clearance of housing around Stoneygate and development of more commercial buildings. To the south of the area the dense terraces were beginning to be cleared to be replaced by modern social housing and high rise blocks. Preston Bus Station would be completed in 1969, the Guild Hall in 1972, while Horrockses, still extant at this point, would be cleared before the end of the C20th.



Arkwright House viewed from the south with the now demolished White Lion public house in the foreground













Key Plan







1. View along Fishergate. Vista to St John Minster.

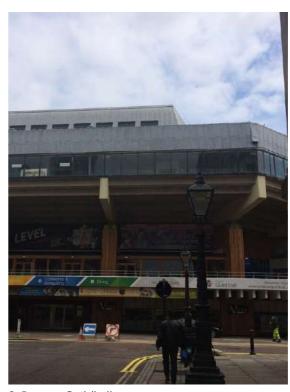
5. Harris Museum and Art Gallery.



2. Corner treatment Church St /Glover street.



6. View along Church Street and St John Minster.



3. Preston Guildhall.



7. View to Church Street. Frontages of varying scale



4. Church Street. Public realm.



8. Taller buildings within the within the city centre.













Key Plan





1. Tall buildings around the bus station to the edge of the study area.



 $2. \ \ Key \ transport \ interchange \ in \ the \ bus \ station.$



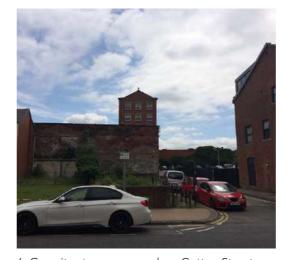
3. Empty or gap sites.



4. Landscape public realm around ramp.



5. Office building on the corner of Pole Street and Percy Street.



 $\ensuremath{\text{6.}}$ Gap sites to corners such as Cotton Street.



7. Undeveloped site at Stoneygate.



8. Retail development to edge of London road.



9. View along Avenham Lane.



10. Mix of post war housing and brick built terraced housing. View along Richmond Street.



11. Housing along Larkhill Street, low quality landscaping .



12. Apartment building on Richmond street.













Key Plan





1.View to Walker Street. Terraced housing which would benefit from improved landscape. Potential linkages.



2. Gap site at Shepherd Street could benefit from development .



3. Industrial brick buildings. No consistency on signage.



4. View from Car park with glimpses through to St John Minster.



5. View to towers blocks along Avenham Lane.



6. View from Avenham Lane with vista to the church spire. 2 storey housing .



7. Car park serving the city centre.



8. Streets with buildings with high quality and historic façades.





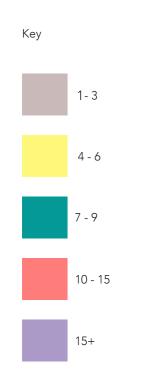








Figure 28: Existing Building Heights















Stoneygate / Horrock's Quarter

The diagram opposite shows an analysis of the existing townscape in the Stoneygate and Horrocks Quarter area. The following conclusions, constraints and opportunities can be drawn;

- Existing Stoneygate area is poorly defined as its own character area.
- Lack of good quality East West links through area.
- Existing pedestrian gate at junction between Stoneygate & Church St has potential be utilised to define gateway to the area.
- Existing heritage assets at St John's Minster and Arkwright House. These assets are under-utilised with an opportunity for their interaction with surrounding area to be enhanced.
- There are a series of empty sites currently forming gaps in the building fabric which have a negative impact on the character of the area and offer no active usage at street level.
- Existing links feel unsafe, have no active frontage along their length.
- Central area of 'Stoneygate' is dominated with low rise warehouse type buildings that have blank facades onto the street.
- Lack of a coherent route from Cardinal Newman College site on Manchester Road / Queen Street to Church Street / Fisher Street.
- Topography change Stoneygate sits in 'Bowl' between Church Street & Queen Street.



Large carpark gap site shows visual barrier between South Stoneygate & rear of Church St.





Gap site and 'weak' edge to area gateway at Manchester Street.



Gap sites and large existing buildings clutter area with no defined use or character.



Gap site - potential East / West link.



Queen Street / Manchester Street junction is awkward to use and discourages use and links.







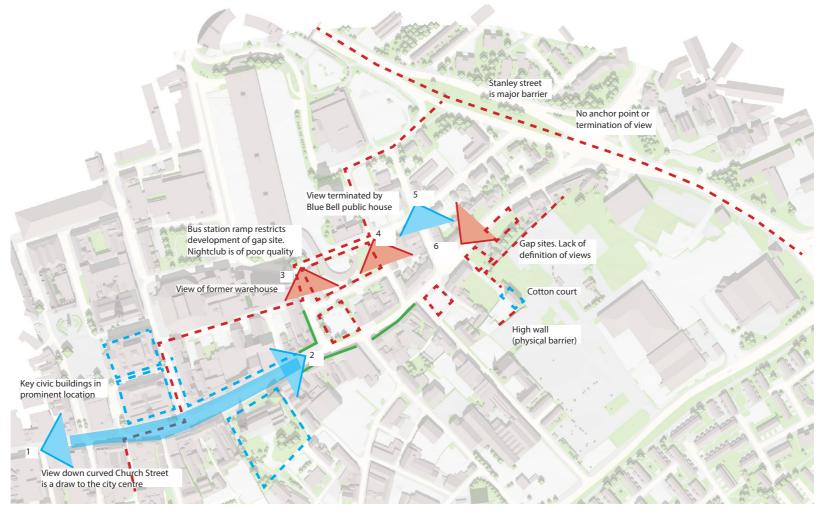




Church Street and Bus Station

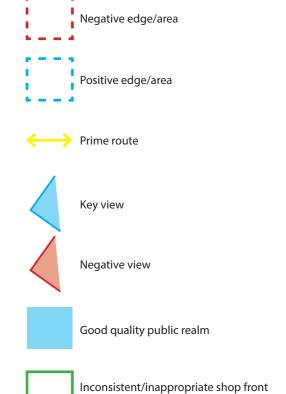
Key

Figure 30: Church Street and Bus Station Townscape and Character Analysis









treatment















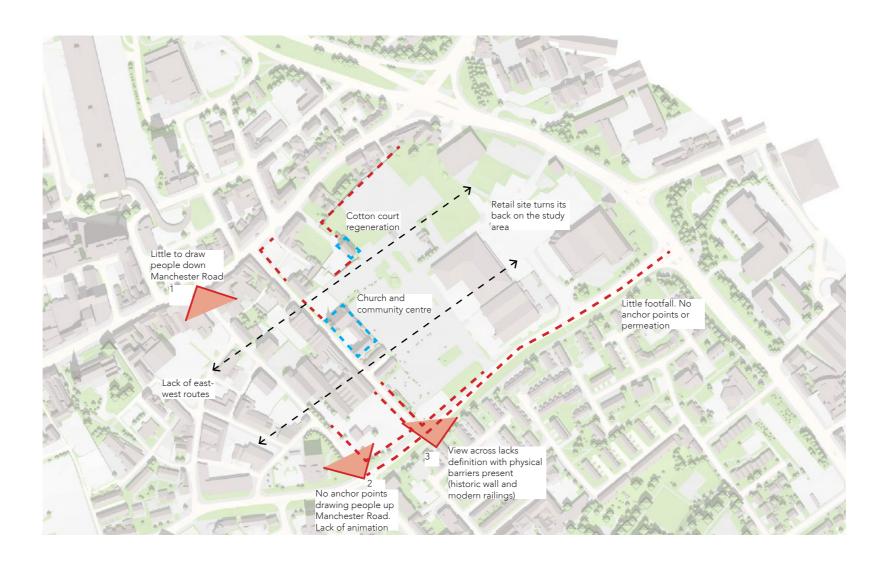


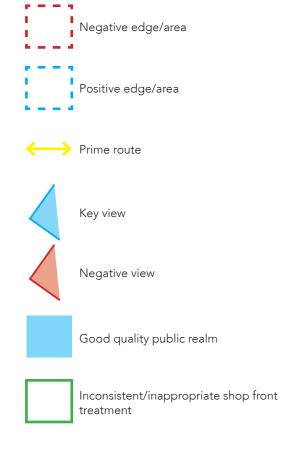


Manchester Road / Queen Street

Key

Figure 31: Manchester Road / Queen Street Townscape and Character Analysis



















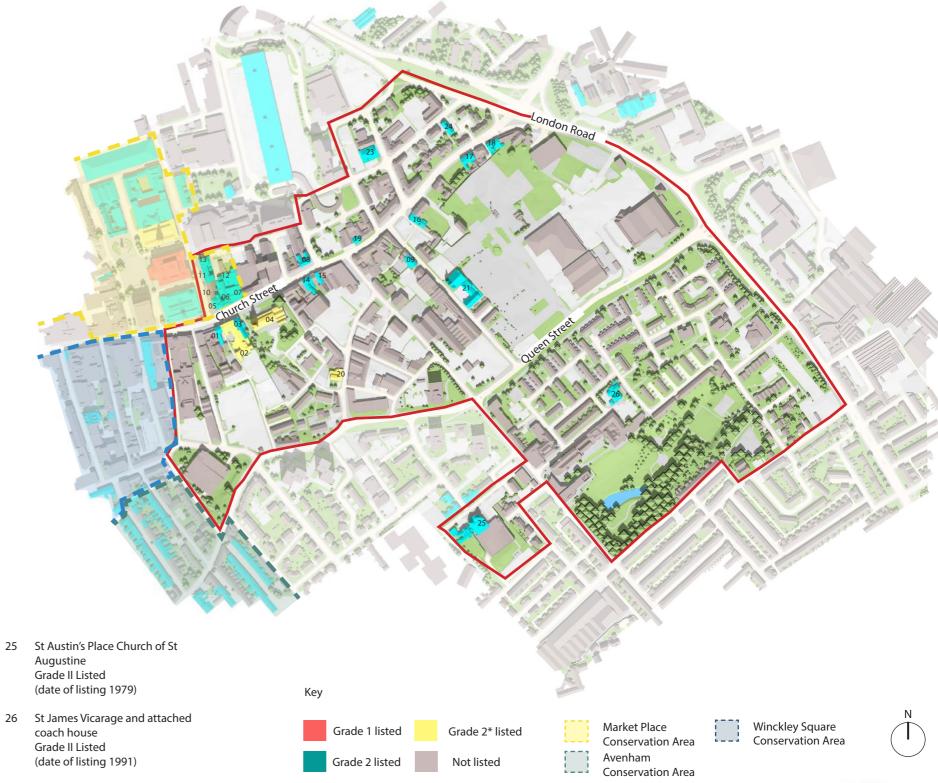


Key

Figure 32: Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas

- 01 143 Church Street Grade II listed (date of listing 1991)
- 02 The Old Bull, 141-2 Church Street Grade II* listed (date of listing 1950, amended 1991)
- 03 Central Conservative Club, 140-140A Church Street Grade II listed (date of listing 1960, amended 1991)
- O4 Church of St John the Divine, Church Street Grade II* listed (date of listing 1979)
- 05 11 Church Street and 2 & 4 Lancaster Road Grade II listed (date of listing 1979)
- 06 Former Red Lion Hotel and Ellesmere Chambers, 13 Church Street Grade II listed (date of listing 1979)
- 07 Trustee Savings Bank, 14 and 15 Church Street Grade II listed (date of listing 1979)
- 08 29, 30, 31 Church Street Grade II listed (date of listing 1991)
- 09 18 Grimshaw Street Grade II listed (date of listing 1991)
- 10 10, 12 & 14 Lancaster Road Grade II listed (date of listing 1979)
- 11 16 & 18 Lancaster Road Grade II listed (date of listing 1979)
- 12 20 & 22 Lancaster Road Grade II listed (date of listing 1979)

- Stanley Arms Hotel, 24 Lancaster RoadGrade II listed (date of listing 1979
- 14 The Old Dog Inn, 133 Church Street Grade II listed (date of listing 1979)
- 15 131A Church Street Grade II listed (date of listing 1979)
- 16 Olde Blue Bell Public House,114 Church StreetGrade II listed(date of listing 1979)
- 17 The George Hotel and Shop Adjoining to the Right, 89-90 Church Street Grade II listed (date of listing 1991)
- 18 The Lamb Hotel and Shop, 83-84 Church Street Grade II listed (date of listing 1979)
- 19 The Bear's Paw Public House, 42Church StreetGrade II listed(date of listing 1991)
- 20 Arkwright House, Stoneygate Grade II* listed (date of listing 1950)
- 21 Grimshaw Street School, Grimshaw Street Grade II listed (date of listing 1991)
- 22 16 Grimshaw Street Grade II listed (date of listing 1991)
- 23 Carey Baptist Chapel, Pole Street Grade II listed (date of listing 1991)
- 24 Former Unitarian Chapel, Percy Street/Church Street Grade II listed (date of listing 1974)













Appendix 4 - Land Ownerships (indicative)

Land Ownership

Key

Whilst there are some significant ownerships in the area, large areas, notably the historic core, are in multiple ownerships.

Richard Eric Wright

Brookhouse

Onward Homes

(Car Park included)

Contour Homes Itd

Preston City Council

Individual Ownership

Contour Homes

Rigby Group Itd

Places for People Homes LTD

Cardinal Newman College

Grimsagh Development Heating Itd

The Bull & Royal (Car Park included)

Guidant International Limited (Car Park)

Preston City Council (Car Park)

Figure 33: Land Ownerships















Appendix 5 - Project Area Profiles

Figure 34: Stoneygate Area Profile





Key





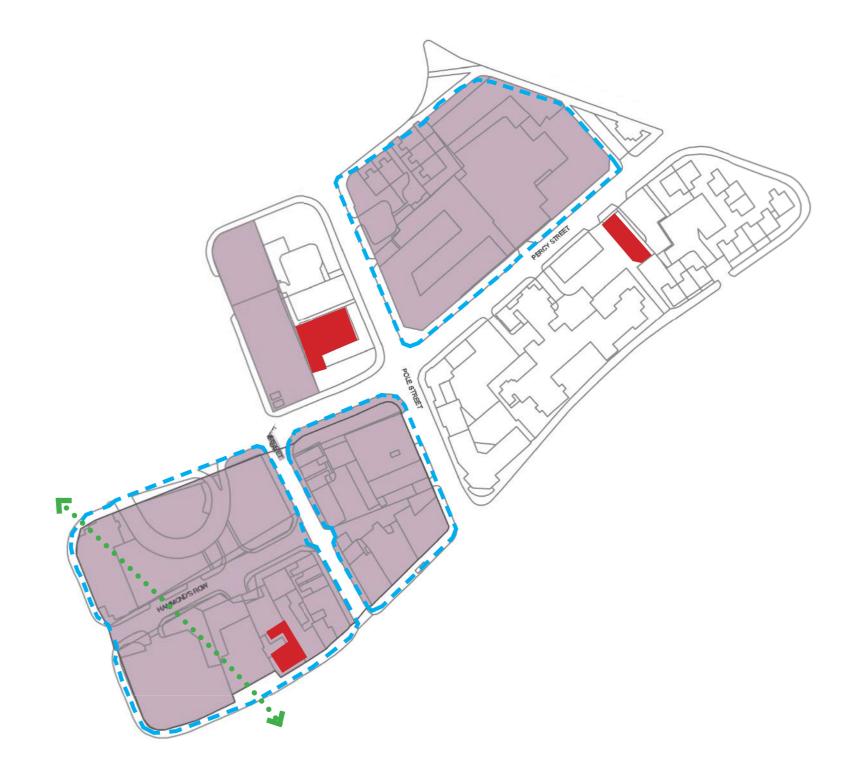








Figure 35: Church Street / Percy Street Area Profile



Listed Buildings **Key Development Parcels**

Key



Comprehensive Development Area











Figure 36: Horrocks / Grimshaw Street Area Profile

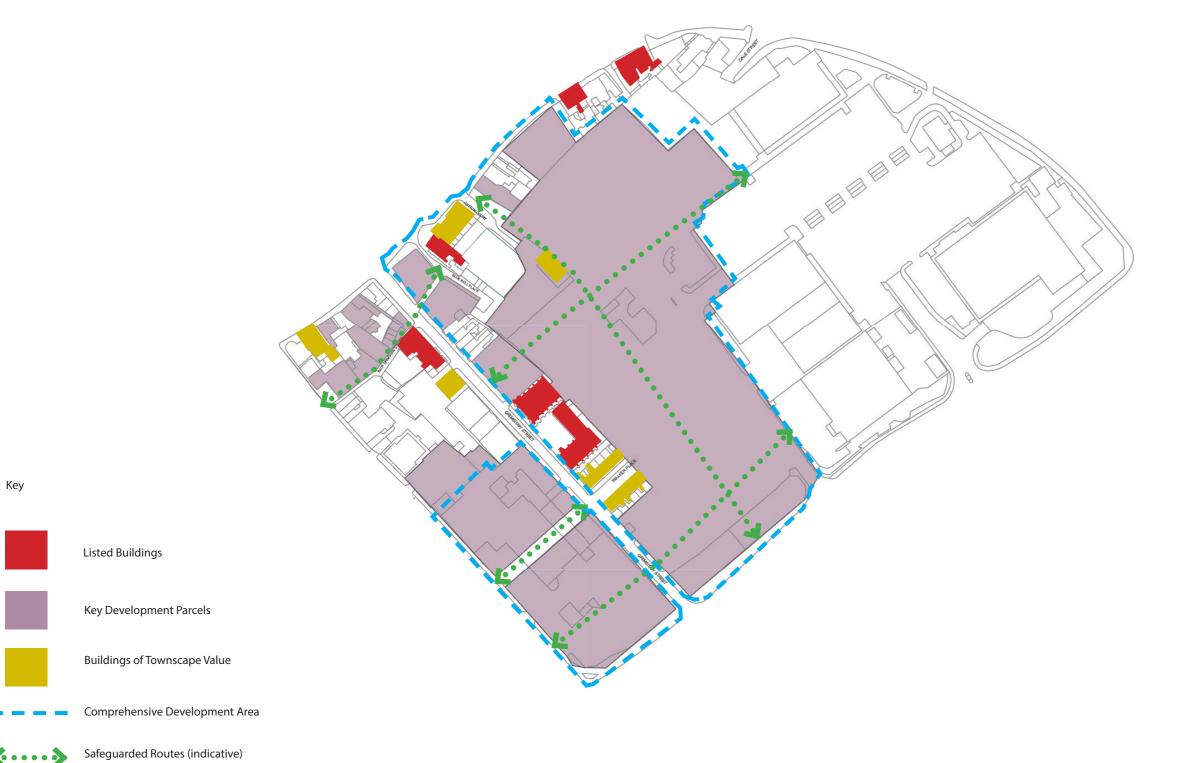












Figure 37: Approximate Site Capacity

		Number of		
Name	Plot area	units	Area of development	Commercial/Live work
Site 1	2619 m ²	28	4700 m ²	0 m ²
Site 2	803 m ²	43	7200 m ²	0 m ²
Site 3	2558 m ²	80	6930 m²	0 m ²
Site 5	1129 m ²	35	3415 m ²	0 m ²
Site 6	2695 m ²	100	6500 m ²	0 m²
Site 7	1469 m ²	40	3500 m ²	0 m ²
Site 8	1518 m²	0	0 m ²	0 m²
Site 9	767 m ²	35	2250 m ²	0 m²
Site 10	1062 m ²	20	1340 m²	0 m²
Site 11	8159 m ²	100	20375 m ²	500 m ²
Site 12	3599 m²	144	6960 m²	0 m ²
Site 13	3260 m²	24	6936 m²	1734 m²
Site 14	1819 m²	72	5936 m²	848 m²
Site 15	2505 m ²	64	12061 m²	300 m ²
Site 16	4196 m²	120	14250 m ²	800 m ²
Site 17	9924 m²	100	11490 m²	0 m ²
Site 18	30246 m²	323	114000 m ²	0 m ²
Site 19	1111 m²	16	2750 m ²	0 m ²
Site 20	1377 m²	168	18200 m ²	0 m ²
Site 21	10162 m²	0	0 m ²	9936 m²
Site 22	5494 m²	143	12925 m ²	0 m ²
Total:	96474 m²	1655	261718 m²	14118 m²

^{*}Areas are approximate

Figure 38: Approximate Site Capacity



Plot Areas

1:5000









